

El Mayor – Cucapah Earthquake UAVSAR and a Glimpse of the Future

Sunday, 4 April 2010

3:40 p.m. PDT

 $M_w 7.2$

Baja California, Mexico

Ken Hudnut, USGS & John Fletcher, CICESE 26 March 2013

UAVSAR Workshop Jet Propulsion Laboratory











Borrego Mapping Team - Field Work – April, August, and September 2010

John Fletcher, Orlando Teran, Ramon Mendoza Borunda, Roman Manjarrez Juarez, Geoff Faneros, Tom Rockwell, Ron Spelz, Joann Stock, Kate Scharer, Sinan Akciz, Javier Gonzalez, Janet Harvey, John Galetzka, Amy Galetzka, Vanessa Andrews, Alison Piasecki, Erika Swanson, Steve Skinner, Eulalia Masana, Dave Lynch, Jim McCrory, Maria, Wally and Ken Hudnut

CICESE, Caltech, SDSU, App State, UCI, USGS

Six 4 x 4's plus a quad ATV; 6 days with helicopter support (USGS)







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M, 7.2 Sierra El Mayor Earthquake

(Northern Baja California Earthquake)

A major earthquake has been felt throughout Southern California, Arizona, Nevada, and Baja California Norte, Mexico. The M., 7.2 event occurred at 3:40PM PDT, 22:40 UTC, on Sunday,

April 4th, 2010. The epicenter was located 30 miles (48 km) SSE of Calexico, CA. The closest town is 11 miles (17.7 km) WSW from the epicenter, located at Guadalupe Victoria, Baja California Norte, Mexico. The fault rupture appears to extend 75 km northwest, from the epicenter in Baja California through the US-Mexico border.

CISN/SCSN Executive Summary (Ken Hudnut, Egill Hauksson, Doug Given, Anthony Guarino, Sue Hough, Kate Hutton, Lucy Jones, Karen Felzer, Bob Dollar)

Version 11 - Posted at 10:23 AM PDT April 14, 2010

response.scec.org

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- ASTER images acquired today
 2 days 16 hours ago
- UMVSAR flight partially successful 2 days 18 hours suc
- USGS scrivities, Baja California eerthquake 4/12/2010
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2010.04.04 - El Mayor - Cupapah Earthquake

View Trees

Tagic bela california el mayor-outagent legura sateda mesco elema el mayor

The magnitude 7.2 El Mayor - Cucapeh earthquake of Sunday April 4th 2010, occurred in northern Baja California, approximately 40 miles south of the Mexico-USA border at shallow depth along the principal plate boundary between the North American and Pacific plates. This is an area with a high level of historical ealemicity, and also it has recently been selamically active, though this is the largest event to strike in this area since 1892. The 4 April earthquake appears to have been larger than the Mill 6 earthquake in 1840 or any of the early 20th century events (e.g., 1915 and 1934) in this region of northern Baja California. See full summary by USGS in

From Greg Beroza:

As of 8:15pm PDT on Manday, April 9th, 2010, the earthquake has been of vistened the Sierra El Mayor earthquake. SCEC geologists and geodesicts are in the field now, to be followed tomorrow (Tuesday, April 6th) by seismologists. Surface rupture appears to extend across Highway 2, south of the border. Ken Hudhut is coordinating an airborne reconnaisance of surface rupture tomorrow that will provide important constraints on the distribution of faulting.

As of 16:36am PDT on Monday, April 5th, 2010, this is where things stand. The USGS has the earthquake at M 7.2 with a strike-slip mechanism, but with a normal-faulting component. It seems to be on/near the Laguna Salada fault, though that has not been confirmed by observations of surface rupture, so we should not be associating it definitively with that fault. Aftershooks extend to the US side of the border. The Laguna Salada fault had an earthquake of similar size in 1892 (Hough and Elfot, 2004 855A). We have made contact with colleagues across the border. Javier Gonzales is the contact for geodetic observations in Mexico, Victor Wong is the contact for seismological observations, and John Flatcher for geological observations. All of these scientists are at CICESE.

As of 8:15ges PDT, Sunskey, Ageit 4th, 2010 this is where things stand. The USGS has the sorthqueix of M 7.2 with a strike-slip mechanism, it seems to be onlinear the Laguna Salada fault, which had an earthqueix of similar size in 1892 (Hough and Elliot, 2004 BSSA). Today's earthqueix has been a bit challenging having happened on Easter Sunday and just across the border. We have made contact with colleagues across the border, but it took awhite. SCSC is gearing up for possible selemts, geodetic, and geologic fieldwork, but how it goes from here depends strongly on what we learn about what is possible to carry out in Mexico. There also may be the issue that non-SCSC instruments are scattered far and wide: in Hatiliand Chile. Mike Oskin has made contact with John Fletcher at CRESE (Einsenada), who is headed out to the field tomorrow and is interested in collaborations. I have also heard back from Carlos Valdes, who is head of the Mexican National Sessiological Service. I let him know that scientists here are interested and available to collaborate and that we should try to coordinate our response. He has not yet managed to get throught to CICESE, but will be in touch with us tomorrow.

Attachments/Uploads

- . Moment Tonsor Bolution
- Horizontal Displacements
- + 1Hz Rines Date III
- SCEC -VDO Images (UCERF2 Faults, CFM 2.5 Faults, CFM 2.5 Faults (from the North))
- Aftershock Zone and Active Faults (Bajang.ong if, Bajang.pdf ii)
- Coulomb Stress Change (version: 1.0, 1.1)., Calculations (version: 1.1).

Whe's online

There is currently 1 user and 1 guest online.

· Kensi

USGS Significant Earthquakes

- Magnitude 4.9 UTAY April
 15, 2010.
- SA1A2010 In Recent Earthquake Activity Unusual? Scientists Say No.
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ritoria

http://earthquake.usgs.gov/earthquakes/eqinthenews/2010/ci14607652/

PAGER - M 7.2 - 30.8 mi SSE of Calexico, CA

Alert Version: 8

Sunday, April 4th, 2010 at 22:40:42 UTC Location: 32.3° N, 115.3° W Depth: 10km

Event ld: Cl14607652

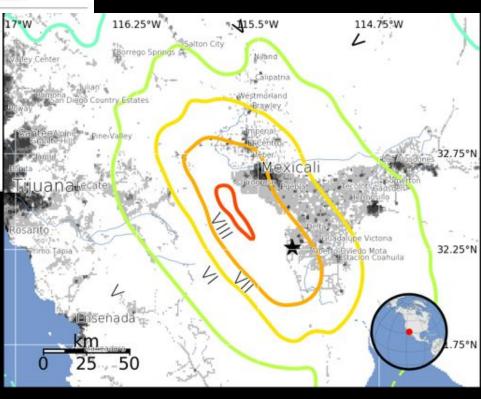
Created: 3 days, 10 hours after earthquake.

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are a mix of vulnerable and earthquake resistant construction. A magnitude 6.5 earthquake 88 km Northwest of this one struck Imperial Valley, California on October 15, 1979 (UTC), with estimated population exposures of 3,000 at intensity IX and 291,000 at intensity VIII, resulting in 0 fatalities, 91 injuries, and an estimated 30 Million US Dollars in damage. Recent earthquakes in this area have caused landslides and liquefaction that may have contributed to losses.

Mexicali at MMI VII ~600,000 people

Exposure Summary	posure Summary Full City Exposure List		Downle	oads		
Estimated Populat	ion Expo	sed to Earthqu	ake Shi	aking		
Est. Modified Mercalli Intensity		Est. Population Exposure		Perceived Shaking	Potential Structure Damage	
					Resistant	Vulnerable
X .		0		Extreme	V. Heavy	V. Heavy
IX		300		Violent	Heavy	V. Heavy
VIII		525k		Severe	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy
VII		373k		Very Strong	Moderate	Moderate/Heav
VI VI		301k		Strong	Light	Moderate
٧		2,883k*		Moderate	V. Light	Light
IV		112k*		Light	none	none
1-81				Weak	none	none
1				Not Felt	none	none

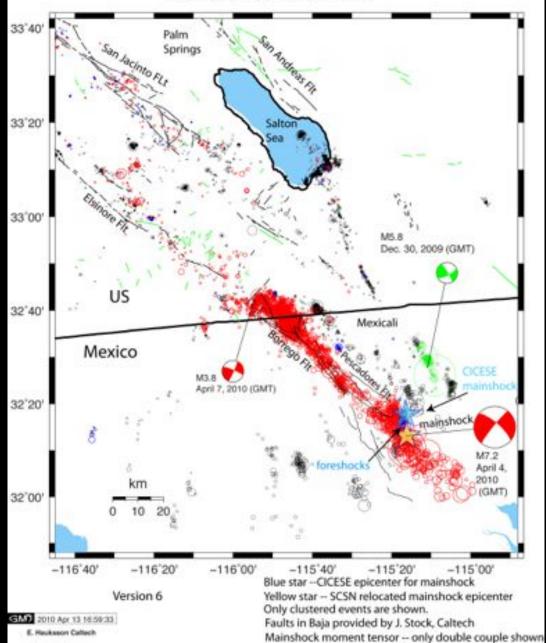
courtesy of P. Earle, USGS NEIC



SCSN/CISN Recorded Seismicity (red) April 4- 12, 2010

Relocated with 3D Model and HypoDD 2009 Seismicity in Black; and 30-31 Dec. 2009 in Green

Foreshocks since 20th of March in blue



courtesy of E. Hauksson, Caltech

Surface ruptures on Borrego fault



Hwy MEX 2D fault crossing







Airborne recon photos 4/6/10



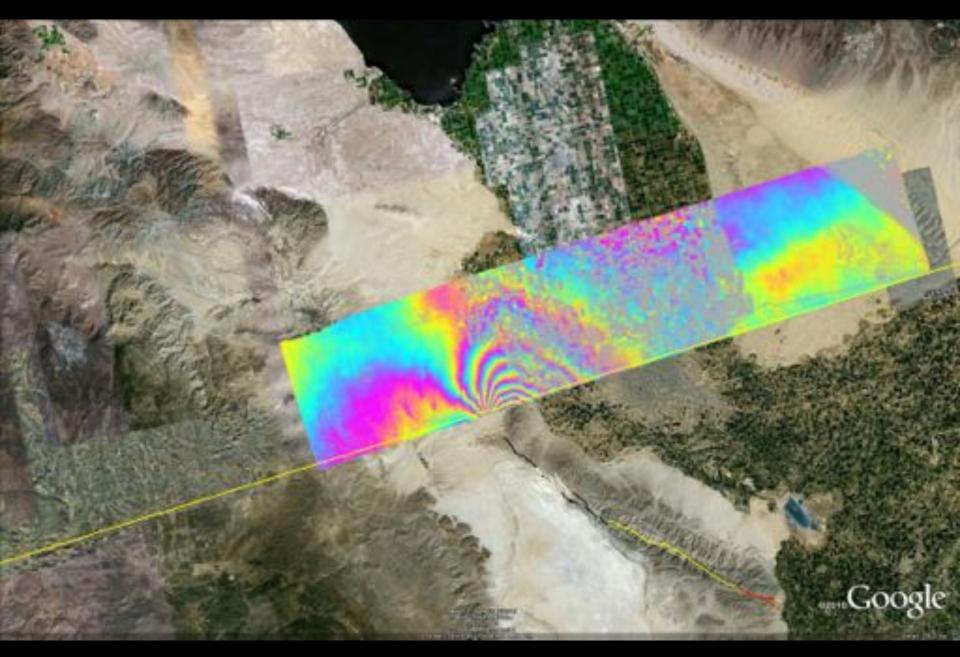










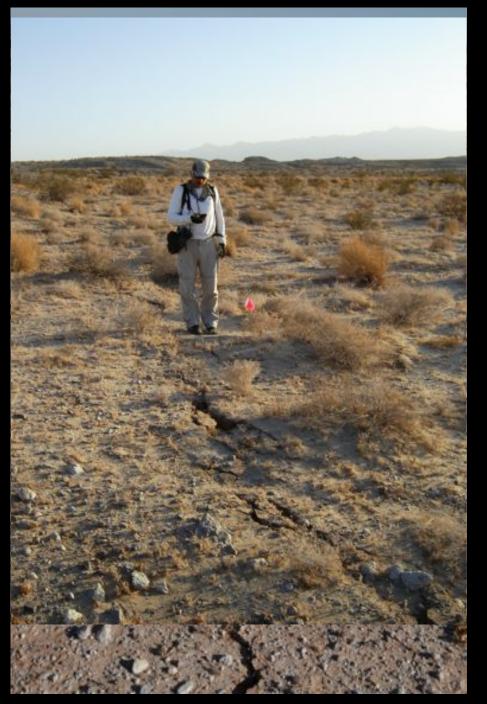


aerial photos now at ~1 cm GSD

ftp://pipeline.gps.caltech.edu/pub/users/hudnut/aerialsurveys



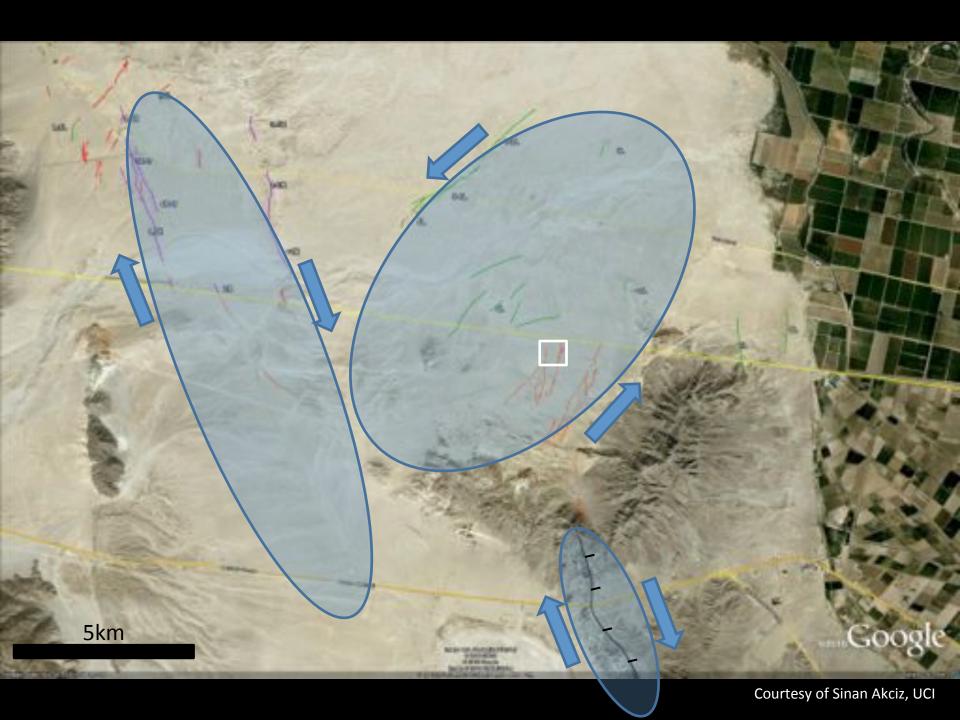
- guiding air recon and photo flights with latest satellite & airborne imagery
- precise location of rupture features leads to very efficient air photo flights
- map directly from georeferenced photos; GPS coord's in EXIF headers
- locate best quality offset features to go measure in the field, saving field time



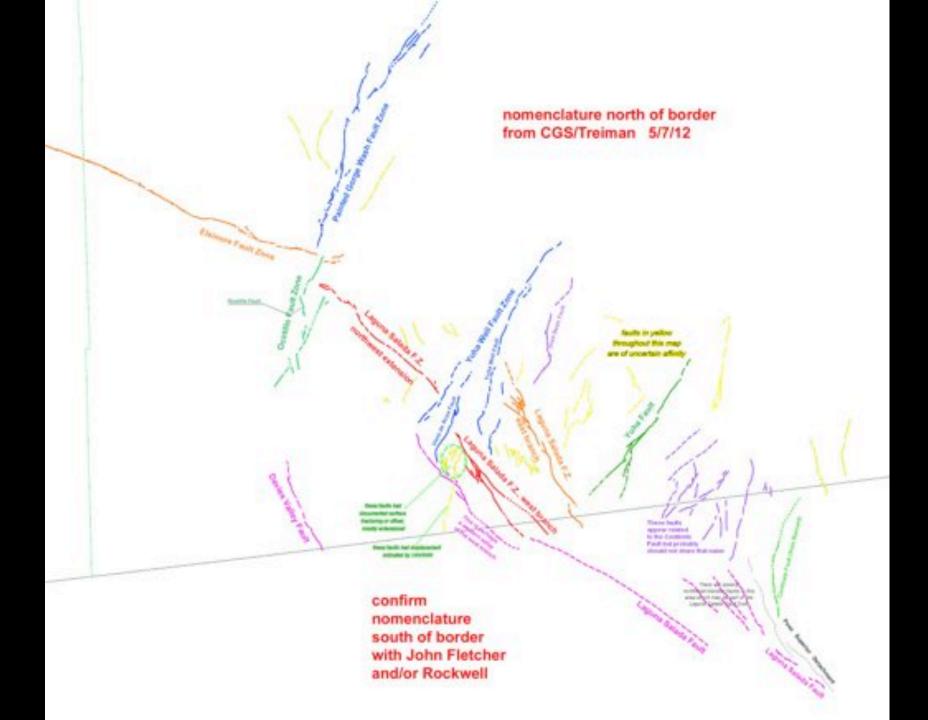




Courtesy of Sinan Akciz, UCI







UAVSAR and a Glimpse of the Future

- For major surface-rupturing earthquakes in the future, UAVSAR will likely be one of the most important sources of imagery for identifying faults that ruptured.
- Rapid deployment is possible and would be desirable, but also could be delayed by realworld factors such as post-disaster air space restrictions & availability.